

PROFITEST MASTER IQ Series PROFITEST MTECH+, MPRO, MXTRA, SECULIFE IP DIN VDE 0100/IEC 60364-6 Testers

3-447-043-03 1/9.18

Testing of residual current devices (RCCBs)

- Measurement of contact voltage without tripping the RCCB. Contact voltage is measured with reference to nominal residual current using 1/3 of the nominal residual current value.
- Testing for N-PE reversal
- Tripping test with nominal residual current, trip time measurement
- Testing of equipment and RCCBs with rising residual current including indication of tripping current and contact voltage
- Testing of RCCBs with nominal current of $\frac{1}{2} \bullet I_{\Delta N}$, $1 \bullet I_{\Delta N}$, $2 \bullet I_{\Delta N}$, $(5 \bullet I_{\Delta N} \text{ to } 300 \text{ mA: Mpro/Mxtra/SECULIFE IP to } 100 \text{ mA: MtrcH+})$
- Intelligent ramp (**PROFITEST MXTRA** only): simultaneous measurement of breaking current $I_{\Delta N}$ and breaking time t_A
- Testing of selective S SRCDs, PRCDs (SCHUKOMAT, SIDOS or comparable), type G/R, type AC, type A, F; type B, B+ and type EV (exept MPRO)
- Testing of RCCBs which are suitable for pulsating residual direct current; testing is conducted with positive or negative half-waves.
- Creation of test sequences (IZYTRONIQ)
- Intelligent data transmission
 Bidirectional interface to DDS-CAD for electrical planning
- Simulation of operating states of electric vehicles at electric charging stations of different manufacturers (MTECH+ and MXTRA only)



Large Voltage and Frequency Ranges

A broad-range measuring device allows for use of the test instrument in all alternating and 3-phase electrical systems with voltages from 65 to 500 V and frequencies of 16 to 400 Hz.

Loop and Line Impedance Measurement

Measurement of loop and line impedance can be performed in the 65 to 500 V range. Conversion to short-circuit current is based on the respective nominal line voltage, insofar as the measured line voltage is within the specified range. **PROFITEST MASTER** measuring error is also taken into account for conversion. Outside of this range, short-circuit current is calculated on the basis of momentary line voltage and measured impedance.

Measurement of Insulation Resistance Using Nominal Voltage, with Variable or Rising Test Voltage

Insulation resistance is usually measured with a nominal voltages of 500, 250 or 100 V. A test voltage which deviates from nominal voltage, and lies within a range of 20/50 to 1000 V, can be selected for measurements at sensitive components, as well as systems with voltage limiting devices.

Measurement can be performed with a constantly rising test voltage in order to detect weak points in the insulation and determine tripping voltage for voltage limiting devices.

Voltage at the device under test and any triggering/breakdown voltage appear at the test instrument's display.

Standing-Surface Insulation Measurement

Standing-surface insulation measurement is performed with momentary line frequency and line voltage.

Low-Resistance Measurement

Bonding conductor resistance and protective conductor resistance can be measured with a test current of \geq 200 mA DC, automatic polarity reversal of the test voltage and selectable direction of current flow. If the adjustable limit value is exceeded, an LED lights up.

Earthing Resistance Measurement

In addition to measurement of the overall resistance of an earthing system, selective measurement of the earthing resistance of an individual earth electrode is also possible, without having to disconnect it from the earthing system. A current clamp sensor available as an accessory is utilized to this end.

Furthermore, the **PROFITEST MPRO** and the **PROFITEST MXTRA** allow for battery powered earthing resistance measurements: 3/4-pole and earth loop resistance measurements.

Universal Connector System

The interchangeable plug inserts and 2-pole plug-in adapter – which can be expanded to 3-poles for phase sequence testing – allows for use of the test instrument all over the world.

Special Features

- · Display of approved fuse types for electrical systems
- Energy meter start-up testing
- Measurement of biasing, leakage and circulating current of up to 1 A, as well as working current of up to 1000 A with current clamp sensor (available as an accessory)
- Phase sequence measurement (including highest line-to-line voltage)
- Optional connection of a Bluetooth keyboard (Logitech) and a Bluetooth barcode reader in preparation

Display with Selectable Language

The LCD panel consists of a backlit dot matrix at which menus, setting options, measurement results, tables, instructions and error messages, as well schematic diagrams appear.

The display can be set to the desired language depending on the country in which the test instrument is used: D, GB, I, F, E, P, NL, S, N, FIN, CZ or PL

Operation

Device functions are selected directly with the help of a rotary selector knob. Softkeys allow for convenient selection of subfunctions and parameter settings. Unavailable functions and parameters are automatically prevented from appearing at the display.

The start and RCD tripping functions included directly on the instrument are identical to the functions of the two keys located on the test plug, allowing for easy measurement at difficult to access locations.

Schematic diagrams, measuring ranges and help texts cab be displayed for all basic functions and sub-functions.

Phase Tester

Protective conductor potential is tested after starting a test sequence and touching the contact surface for finger contact. The PE symbol appears at the display if a potential difference of more than 25 V is detected between the contact surface and the protective contact at the mains plug.

Error Indication

- The instrument automatically detects instrument-to-system connection errors, which are indicated in a connection pictograph.
- Errors within the electrical system (no mains or phase voltage, tripped RCD) are indicated at 3 LEDs and by means of popup windows at the tilting LCD panel.

Battery Monitoring and Self-Test

Battery monitoring is conducted while the instrument is subjected to an electrical load. Results are displayed both numerically and with a symbol. Test images can be called up one after the other, and LEDs can be tested during the self-test. The instrument is shut down automatically when the rechargeable batteries are discharged. A microprocessor controlled charging circuit is used to assure safe charging of rechargeable NiMH or NiCd batteries.

Data Entry at the RS 232 Port

Data can be read in via a barcode or RFID scanner connected to the RS 232 port, and comments can be entered with the help of the softkeys.

IZYTRONIQ User Software for PC

IZYTRONIQ is a test software developed from scratch. It enables the user to visualize and manage the entire testing procedure for all our test instruments and to document it in an audit-proof manner. For the first time, it is thus possible to combine the test and measurement data from a great variety of test instruments and multimeters in one test and generate one report report thereof. The intuitive user guidance and modern design provide for quick access to all functions.

The software is available in different sizes and versions for trades, industry and vocational training purposes.

Overview of Features Included with PROFITEST MASTER & SECULIEFE IP Device Variants

PROFITEST				٩
(Article Number)	Q	± 🛱	<u>, </u>	Seculife (M535e)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Mpro (M535C)	MTECH+ (M535B)	MXTRA M535D)	seculifi M535e)
	₽Ë	ΞË	žΫ	SE(M€
Testing of residual current devices (RCDs)	1	1	1	
U _B measurement without tripping RCD	1	1	1	1
Tripping time measurement	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓
Measurement of tripping current I _F	· /	1	· ·	· /
Selective, SRCDs, PRCDs, type G/R	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓
	~			
AC/DC sensitive RCDs, type B, B+		1	1	<i>\</i>
Testing of IMDs			1	~
Testing of RCMs			1	
Testing for N-PE reversal	1	1	1	1
Measurement of loop impedance Z_{L-PE} / Z_{L-PE}	N			
Fuse table for systems without RCDs	✓	1	1	1
Without tripping the RCD, fuse table	_	1	1	1
With 15 mA test current ¹⁾ without tripping the RCD	1	· ·	1	
Earthing resistance R_E (mains operation)	-	-		
I-U measuring method (2/3-wire measuring method	1	1	1	1
via measuring adapter: 2-wire/2-wire + probe)	•	v	•	•
Earthing resistance R _E (battery operation)				
3 or 4-wire measurement via PRO-RE adapter	1	—	1	—
Soil resistivity ρ_{E} (battery operation)				
(4-wire measurement via PRO-RE adapter)	1	—	1	—
Selective earthing resistance R _E (mains opera-				
tion) with 2-pole adapter, probe, earth electrode and	1	1	1	1
current clamp sensor (3-wire measuring method)	~	V	, v	v
Selective earthing resistance R_E (battery operation)			-	
with probe, earth electrode and current clamp				
sensor (4-wire measuring method via PRO-RE	1	—	1	
adapter and current clamp sensor)				
Earth loop resistance R _{ELOOP} (battery operation)				
with 2 clamps (current clamp sensor direct	1		1	
and current clamp transformer via PRO-RE/2 adapter)			•	
Measurement of equipotential bonding R_{LO} ,			-	
automatic polarity reversal	1	1	1	1
Insulation resistance R _{ISO} ,			-	
variable or rising test voltage (ramp)	1	1	1	1
Voltage $U_{L-N} / U_{L-PE} / U_{N-PE} / f$	1	1	1	1
	•			
Special measurements				
Leakage current (with clamp) I _L , I _{AMP}	1	1	1	1
Phase sequence	1	✓	1	1
Earth leakage resistance R _{E(ISO)}	1	1	1	1
Voltage drop (AU)	1	1	1	1
Standing-surface insulation Z _{ST}	1	1	1	1
Meter start-up (kWh-Test)	1	1	1	
Leakage current with PRO-AB adapter (IL)		_	· /	1
Residual voltage test (Ures)	_	_	· ·	_
Intelligent ramp ($ta + \Delta l$)			· ·	
Electric vehicles at charging stations (IEC 61851)		-	✓ ✓	
Report generation of fault simulations on		v	v	
PRCDs with PROFITEST PRCD adapter	—	—	1	—
•				
		1	1	1
Selectable user interface language 2	1			
Selectable user interface language 2	✓ ✓	<i>\</i>	1	
Selectable user interface language $^{\rm 2}$ Memory (database for up to 50,000 objects)			\ \	
Selectable user interface language ² Memory (database for up to 50,000 objects) Automatic test sequence function	1	1		-
Selectable user interface language ² Memory (database for up to 50,000 objects) Automatic test sequence function RS 232 port for RFID/barcode scanner	✓ ✓ ✓	✓ ✓	1	✓ ✓ ✓
RS 232 port for RFID/barcode scanner USB port for data transmission	✓ ✓	\ \ \ \ \	\ \ \	
Selectable user interface language ² Memory (database for up to 50,000 objects) Automatic test sequence function RS 232 port for RFID/barcode scanner USB port for data transmission Interface for <i>Bluetooth®</i>	\ \ \ \ \ \			
Selectable user interface language ² Memory (database for up to 50,000 objects) Automatic test sequence function RS 232 port for RFID/barcode scanner USB port for data transmission Interface for <i>Bluetooth®</i> IZYTRONIQ BUSINESS Starter	✓ ✓ ✓	\ \ \ \ \	\ \ \	
Selectable user interface language ² Memory (database for up to 50,000 objects) Automatic test sequence function RS 232 port for RFID/barcode scanner USB port for data transmission Interface for <i>Bluetooth®</i> IZYTRONIQ BUSINESS Starter database and report software for PC	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \			
Selectable user interface language ² Memory (database for up to 50,000 objects) Automatic test sequence function RS 232 port for RFID/barcode scanner USB port for data transmission Interface for <i>Bluetooth®</i> IZYTRONIQ BUSINESS Starter	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \			

 So-called live measurement is only advisable if there is no bias current within the system. Only suitable for motor circuit breaker with low nominal current.
 Currently available languages: D, GB, I, F, E, P, NL, S, N, FIN, CZ, PL

Data Interface

Measurement data are transmitted to a PC via the integrated USB port, at which they can be printed in report form and archived.

Software update

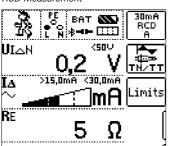
The test instrument is always kept current thanks to firmware which can be updated via the USB port. Software is updated during the course of recalibration by our service department, or directly by the customer.

Sample Displays

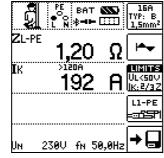
PROFITEST MASTER and SECULIFE IP Test Instruments

Softkeys allow for convenient selection of sub-functions and parameter settings. Unavailable sub-functions and parameters are automatically prevented from appearing at the display.





Loop Resistance Measurement



Low-Resistance Measurement PE

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<1,00Ω

0,11Ω

Ω

B→PE

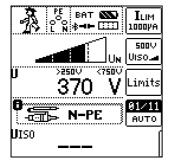
Limits

Roffsei ON OFF

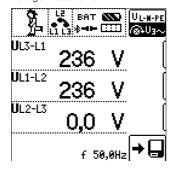
Earthing Resistance Measurement

	RANGE 10Ω
^{RE(} ⊒∋⇒) – – – Ω	SEL 1977 UL < SO V
$\stackrel{\text{Re}(33.5)}{=} \Omega$	Limits
0 ⊐®:1000mV/A	mains ~ SSD
JV fHz	

Insulation Measurement



	• •
Voltage	Measurement



The above sample displays are taken from the PROFITEST MTECH+ instruments.

Applicable Regulations and Standards

IEC 61010-1 / EN 61010-1/ VDE 0411-1	Safety requirements for electrical equipment for mea- surement, control and laboratory use Part 1: General requirements (IEC 61010-1:2010 + Cor. :2011) Part 31: Safety requirements for hand-held probe as- semblies for electrical measurement and test (IEC 61010-031:2002 + A1:2008)
IEC 61557/ EN 61557/ VDE 0413	 Part1: General requirements (IEC 61557-1:2007) Part 2: Insulation resistance (IEC 61557-2:2007) Part 3: Loop impedance (IEC 61557-3:2007) Part 4: Resistance of earth connection and equipotential bonding (IEC 61557-4:2007) Part 5: Resistance to earth (IEC 61557-5:2007) Part 6: Effectiveness of residual current devices (RCD) in TT, TN and IT systems (IEC 61557-6:2007) Part 7: Phase sequence (IEC 61557-7:2007) Part 10:Electrical safety in low voltage distribution systems up to 1000 V AC and 1500 V DC – Equipment for testing, measuring or monitoring of protective measures (IEC 61557-10:2000) Part 11:Effectiveness of residual current monitors (RCMs) type A and type B in TT, TN and IT systems (IEC 61557-11:2009) (PROFITEST MXTRA only)
EN 60529 VDE 0470, part 1	Test instruments and test procedures Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP code)
DIN EN 61326-1 VDE 0843-20-1	Electrical equipment for measurement, control and labo- ratory use – EMC requirements – Part 1: General requirements
IEC 60364-6-61 VDE 0100, part 600	Low-voltage electrical installations – Part 6: Tests
IEC 60364-6-62 EN 50110-1 VDE 0105, part 100	Operation of electrical installations – Part 100: General requirements
IEC 60364-7-710 VDE 0100, part 710	Erection of low-voltage installations – Requirements for special installations or locations – Part 710: Medical locations
IEC 61851-1 Din en 61851-1	Electric vehicle conductive charging system – Part 1: General requirements

Characteristic Values

Nominal Ranges of Use

Voltage U_N

	230 V (196 253 V)
	400 V (340 440 V)
Frequency f _N	16 ² / ₃ Hz (15.4 … 18 Hz)
	50 Hz (49.5 50.5 Hz)
	60 Hz (59.4 60.6 Hz)
	200 Hz (190 210 Hz)
	400 Hz (380 420 Hz)
Overall voltage range	65 550 V
Overall frequency range	15.4 420 Hz
Waveform	sine
Temperature range	0° C + 40° C
Battery voltage	8 12 V
Line impedance angle	Corresponds to $\cos \varphi = 1 \dots 0.95$
Probe resistance	$<$ 50 k Ω

120 V

220 V

(108 ... 132 V)

05010

inde

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Characteristic Values PROFITEST MTECH+

				Input							Con	nectio	ons		
Func- tion	Measured Quantity	Display Range	Reso- lution	Input Impedance/ Test Current	Measuring Range	Nominal Values	Measuring Uncertainty	Intrinsic Uncertainty	Plug Insert 1	2-Pole Adapter	3-Pole Adapter	Probe	WZ12C	ClampS Z3512A	
	U _{L-PE}	0 99.9 V	0.1 V		0.3 600 V ¹⁾		±(2% rdg.+5d)	±(1% rdg.+5d)							1000
	U _{N-PE}	100 600 V 15.0 99.9 Hz	1 V 0.1 Hz				±(2% rdg.+1d)	±(1% rdg.+1d)							
	f	100 999 Hz	1 Hz		DC 15,4 420 Hz	U _N = 120/230/ 400/500 V	±(0.2% rdg.+1d)	±(0.1% rdg.+1d)							
U	U _{3~}	0 99.9 V	0.1 V	$5 M\Omega$	0.3 600 V		±(3% rdg.+5d)	±(2% rdg.+5d)							
		100 600 V 0 99.9 V	1 V 0.1 V			f _N = 16 ² / ₃ /50/ 60/200/400 Hz	\pm (3% rdg.+1d) \pm (2% rdg.+5d)	\pm (2% rdg.+1d) \pm (1% rdg.+5d)	-						
	U _{PROBE}	100 600 V	1 V		1.0 600 V	60/200/400 Hz	$\pm (2\% \text{ rdg.}+1\text{d})$	$\pm(1\% rdg.+1d)$							
	U _{L-N}	0 99.9 V	0.1 V		1.0 600 V ¹		±(3% rdg.+5d)	±(2% rdg.+5d)							
		100 600 V	1 V				±(3% rdg.+1d)	±(2% rdg.+1d) +1% rdg1d							
	UIAN	0 70.0 V	0.1 V	0.3 · Ι _{ΔΝ}	5 70 V		+10% rdg.+1d	+9% rdg.+1d							
		10 Ω 999 Ω 1.00 kΩ 6.51 kΩ	1Ω 0.01.bO	$I_{AN} = 10 \text{ mA} \cdot 1.05$											
		$1.00 \text{ k}\Omega \dots 6.51 \text{ k}\Omega$ $3 \Omega \dots 999 \Omega$				$U_N =$									
		1 kΩ 2.17 kΩ	0.01 kΩ	$I_{\Delta N} = 30 \text{ mA} \cdot 1,05$	calculated value	120 V 230 V									
	R _E	1Ω 651 Ω	1Ω	I _{ΔN} =100 mA · 1,05	from	400 V ²									
		$0.3 \Omega \dots 99.9 \Omega$	0.1 Ω	I _{∆N} =300 mA · 1,05	U _{IAN} / I _{AN}	100 1									
		100 Ω 217 Ω	1Ω		-	f _N = 50/60 Hz									
$I_{\Delta N}$		0.2 Ω 9.9 Ω 10 Ω 130 Ω	0.1 Ω 1 Ω	$I_{\Delta N}$ =500 mA \cdot 1,05		U _I = 25/50 V									
	$I_{\rm F}$ ($I_{\Delta \rm N} = 6$ mA)	1.8 7.8 mA		1.8 7.8 mA	1.8 7.8 mA	0[= 20/00 V						optio			
IF_	$I_F (I_{AN} = 10 \text{ mA})$	3.0 13.0 mA	0,1 mA	3.0 13.0 mA	3.0 13.0 mA	$I_{\Delta N} =$						nal			
	$I_F (I_{\Delta N} = 30 \text{ mA})$	9.0 39.0 mA	<u> </u>	9.0 39.0 mA	9.0 39.0 mA	6 mA	±(5% rdg.+1d)	±(3.5% rdg.+2d)							
	$I_{\rm F} (I_{\Delta \rm N} = 100 \text{ mA})$ $I_{\rm F} (I_{\Delta \rm N} = 300 \text{ mA})$	30 130 mA 90 390 mA	1 mA	30 130 mA 90 390 mA	30 130 mA	10 mA 30 mA	(*****3***)	(******3							
	$I_F (I_{\Delta N} = 300 \text{ mA})$ $I_F (I_{\Delta N} = 500 \text{ mA})$	90 390 MA 150 650 mA	1 mA 1 mA	90 390 MA 150 650 mA	90 390 mA 150 650 mA	100 mA									
	$U_{IA} / U_I = 25 V$	0 25.0 V			0 25.0 V	300 mA		+1% rdg1d	-						
	$U_{IA}/U_{I} = 50 V$	0 50.0 V	0.1 V	wie I_{\Delta}	0 50.0 V	500 mA ²	+10% rdg.+1d	+9% rdg.+1 d							
	$t_A (I_{\Delta N} \cdot 1)$	0 1000 ms	1 ms	6 500 mA	0 1000 ms										
	$t_A (I_{\Delta N} \cdot 2)$	0 1000 ms	1 ma	2 · 6 2 · 500 mA			±4 ms	±3 ms							
	$t_A (I_{\Delta N} \cdot 5)$	0 40 ms	1 ms	5 · 6 5 · 300 mA	0 40 ms 0.15 0.49 Ω	II – 120/230 V	±(10% rdg.+ 30d)	$\pm (5\% rda \pm 30d)$							
	$Z_{L-PE}(\frown)$	0999 mΩ	1.0		$0.50 \dots 0.99 \Omega$	400/500 V ¹	±(10% rdg.+ 30d)								
	Z _{L-N}	$1.00 \dots 9.99 \Omega$	1 mΩ - 0.01 Ω		$1.00 \dots 9.99 \Omega$	f _N =16 ² /3 ⁸ /50/60Hz	±(5% rdg.+ 3d)	±(3% rdg.+3d)							
		0999 mΩ	0.1 Ω	10 07440	0.25 0.99 Ω	U _N = 120/230 V	±(18% rdg.+30d)	±(6% rdg.+50d)							
	Z _{L-PE} + DC	1.00 9.99 Ω 10.0 29.9 Ω		1.3 3.7 A AC 0.5/1.25 A DC	$1.00 \dots 9.99 \Omega$	f _N = 50/60 Hz	±(10% rdg.+3d)	±(4% rdg.+3d)							
7		0 9.9 A	0,1 A	0.0/1.20/100	120 (108 132) V				-						
² L-PE	I _K (Z _{L-PE} ▲,	10 999 A	1 A		230 (196 253) V		calculated val	ue from 7, pr							
Z1 N	$Z_{L-PE} + DC$	1.00 9.99 kA	10 A		400 (340 440) V		ouloulutou vu	do nom 2L-PE		Z _{L-PE}					
-L-IN		10.0 50.0 kA 0.5 9.99 Ω	100 A 0.01 Ω		500 (450 550) V	only display range	د		_						
	Z _{L-PE} (15 mA)	10.0 99.9 Ω	0.1 Ω		10 100 Ω	only dioplay range	±(10% rdg.+10D)	±(2% rdg.+2D)	-						
		100 999 Ω	1Ω			U _N = 120/230 V	±(8% rdg.+2D)	±(1% rdg.+1D)							
	L (15 mA)	100 999 mA	1 mA	15 mA AC	calcul. value depends	$f_N = 16^2 / \frac{8}{3} / 50 / 60 \text{ Hz}$	calculated value fr	om Z _{I -PF} (15 mA):							
	l _K (15 mA)	0.00 9.99 A 10.0 99.9 A	0.01 A 0.1 A		on U _N and Z_{L-PE} : $I_{K}=U_{N}/101000\Omega$		$I_{\rm K} = U_{\rm N}/Z_{\rm L}$	_{PE} (15 mA)							
		0 999 mΩ	1 mΩ	1.3 3.7 A AC	$0.15 \Omega \dots 0.49 \Omega$		±(10% rdg.+30d)	±(5% rdg.+30d)							
	R _E (with probe)	$1.00 \dots 9.99 \Omega$	0,01 Ω	1.3 3.7 A AC		U _N = 120/230 V	±(10% rdg.+30d)								
	[R _F (without probe)	$10.0 \dots 99.9 \Omega$	0,1 Ω	1.3 3.7 A AC 400 mA AC	1.0 Ω9.99 Ω 10 Ω99.9 Ω	$U_{\rm N} = 400 {\rm V}^{-1}$	\pm (5% rdg.+3d) \pm (10% rdg.+3d)	\pm (3% rdg.+3d) \pm (3% rdg.+3d)							
_	values as Z _{L-PE}]	100 999 Ω	1Ω	400 mA AC 40 mA AC	$100 \Omega999 \Omega$	f _N = 50/60 Hz	$\pm(10\%$ rdg.+3d) $\pm(10\%$ rdg.+3d)	$\pm(3\% \text{ rdg.}+3d)$ $\pm(3\% \text{ rdg.}+3d)$							
R _E	Left	1 kΩ 9.99 kΩ	0.01 kΩ	4 mA AC	1 kΩ9.99 kΩ		±(10% rdg.+3d)	±(3% rdg.+3d)							
	D DO	0999 mΩ	1 mΩ	1.3 3.7 A AC	$0.25 0.99 \Omega$	U _N = 120/230 V	±(18% rdg.+ 30d)	±(6% rdg.+50D)							
	R _E DC+ ←	1.00 9.99 Ω 10.0 29.9 Ω	0.01 Ω 0.1 Ω	0.5/1.25 A DC	$1.00 9.99 \Omega$		$\pm(10\% \text{ rdg.} + 3\text{d})$								
	UF	0 253 V	1 V		calculated value				-						
	R _E	0 999 Ω	1 mΩ			see R _F	±(20% rdg.+ 20 d)	+(15% rad + 20 d)							
R _E Sel	nE	0 333 22	1Ω	1.3 3.7 A AC	0.25 300 Ω ⁵⁾	-	±(20 /0 109.+ 20 0)	±(10 /0 igu.+ 20 0)						-	
clip	R _E DC+	$0 \dots 999 \Omega$	1 mΩ 1 Ω	0.5/1.25 A DC		$U_N = 120/230 \text{ V}$ $f_N = 50/60 \text{ Hz}$	±(22% rdg.+20 d)	±(15% rdg.+ 20 d)							-
		10 kΩ 199 kΩ			10 kΩ 199 kΩ	- 30/00 HZ	±(20% v.M.+2D)	±(10% v.M.+3D)							
EX-	7	200 k Ω 999 k Ω	1 kΩ	2.3 mA bei 230 V	200 k Ω 999 k Ω		, ,	(
TRA	Z _{ST}	1.00 MΩ 9.99 MΩ		2.3 IIIA DEI 230 V	$1.00 \text{ M}\Omega \dots 9.99 \text{ M}\Omega$	$U_0 = U_{L-N}$	±(10% v.M.+2D)	±(5% v.M.+3D)							
		10.0 MΩ 30.0 MΩ	0.1 MΩ		10.0 MΩ 30.0 MΩ										

											Co	nnectio				
Func- tion	Measured Quantity	Display Range	Reso- lution	Test Current	Measuring Range	Nominal Values	Measuring Uncertainty	Intrinsic Uncertainty	Plug .	2-Pole	3-Pole		Clar			
uon	Quantity		iution				Uncertainty	Uncertainty	Insert ¹	Adapter	Adapter	WZ12C	Z3512A	P300	CP1100	
		1 999 kΩ	1 kΩ		50 999 kΩ	U _N = 50 V										
		1.00 9.99 MΩ 10.0 49.9 MΩ	10 kΩ 100 kΩ		$1.00\ldots 49.9~\text{M}\Omega$	$I_N = 1 \text{ mA}$										
		1 999 kΩ	1 kΩ													
		1.00 9.99 MΩ	10 kΩ		50 999 kΩ	$U_{\rm N} = 100 \rm V$	kO rema	I/O remain								
		10.0 99.9 MΩ	$100 \text{k}\Omega$		1.00 99.9 MΩ	$I_N = 1 \text{ mA}$	$k\Omega$ range	$k\Omega$ range								
	R _{INS} . R _{E INS}	1 999 kΩ	1 kΩ	I _K = 1.5 mA			±(5% rdg.+10d)	±(3% rdg.+10d)								
R _{INS}	MINS. TE INS	1.00 9.99 MΩ	10 kΩ	IK - 1.0 III/	50 999 kΩ	$U_{N} = 250 V$	$M\Omega$ range	$M\Omega$ range								
- 1113		10.0 99.9 MΩ	100 kΩ		1.00 200 MΩ	$I_N = 1 \text{ mA}$	±(5% rdg.+1d)	±(3% rdg.+1d)								
		100 200 MΩ 1 999 kΩ	1 MΩ 1 kΩ			U _N = 325 V	,									
		1.00 9.99 MΩ	10 kΩ		$50 \dots 999 k\Omega$	$U_N = 323 V$ $U_N = 500 V$										
		10.0 99.9 MΩ	100 kΩ		1.00 499 MΩ	$U_{\rm N} = 1000 {\rm V}$										
		100 500 MΩ	1 MΩ			$I_N = 1 \text{ mA}$										
Î	U	10 999 V-	1 V		10 1.19 kV		±(3% rdg.+1d)	±(1.5% rdg.+1d)								
	0	1.00 1.19 kV	10 V				±(3 % lug.+ lu)	±(1.5% lug.+ lu)								
R _{LO}	R _{LO}	0.00 Ω 9.99 Ω 10.0 Ω 99.9 Ω		I _m ≥ 200 mA I _m < 200 mA	0.1 Ω 5.99 Ω 6.0 Ω 100 Ω	$U_0 = 4.5 V$	±(4% rdg.+2d)	±(2% rdg.+2d)								
				Transforma-			-	-								
				tion ratio ³			5	5								
		0.0 99.9 mA	0.1 mA				±(13% rdg.+5d)	±(5% rdg.+4d)								
		100 999 mA	1 mA	1 V/A	5 15 A							I 15A				
		1.00 9.99 A	0.01 A		5 150 A		±(13% rdg.+1d)	±(5% rdg.+1d)				1 10/1				
		10.0 15.0 A	0.1 A			f _N = 50/60 Hz	(140) 1 4 1	(40)								
		1.00 9.99 A 10.0 99.9 A	0.01 A 0.1 A	1 mV/A			±(11% rdg.+4d)	±(4% rdg.+3d)	_			II 150A				
		100 99.9 A	1 A	T IIIV/A		5 150 A	5 150 A		±(11% rdg.+1d)	±(4% rdg.+1d)				AUCT II		
		0.0 99.9 mA	0.1 mA				±(7% rdg.+2 d)	$\pm (5\% \text{ rda} \pm 2 \text{ d})$								
		100 999 mA	1 mA	1 V/A	5 1000 mA		$\pm (7\% \text{ rdg.}+1 \text{ d})$		-				1 A			
		0.00 9.99 A	0.01 A	100 mV/A	0.05 10 A		$\pm(3.4\% \text{ rdg.}+2 \text{ d})$						10 A			
		0.00 9.99 A	0.01 A			f _N = 16.7/50/60/	\pm (3.1% rdg.+2 d) \pm (3.1% rdg.+2 d)	, ,					-			
SEN-		10.0 99.9 A	0.1 A	10 mV/A	0.5 100 A	16.7/50/60/	$\pm(3.1\% \text{ rdg.}+1 \text{ d})$						100 A			
SOR		0.00 9.99 A	0.01 A			200/400 Hz	±(3.1% rdg.+1 d)	,								
6	I _{L/Amp}	10.0 99.9 A	0.1 A	1 mV/A	5 1000 A		±(3.1% rdg.+2 d)	±(3% rdg.+2 d)					1000A			
7		100 999 A	1 A				±(3.1% rdg.+1 d)	±(3% rdg.+1 d)								
		0.0 99.9 mA	0.1 mA	1 V/A	30 1000 mA		±(27% rdg.+100 d)	±(3% rdg.+100 d)						0.03		
		100 999 mA	1 mA	I V/A	30 1000 IIIA		±(27% rdg.+11 d)	±(3% rdg.+11 d)						3	-	
		0.00 0.00 4	0.01 A	100	0.0 10.4	£ 50/00 H-	±(27% rdg.+12 d)	±(3% rdg.+12 d)	-					0.3	1	
		0.00 9.99 A	0.01 A	100 mV/A	0.3 10 A	$f_{\rm N}=50/60~{\rm Hz}$	±(27% rdg.+11 d)	±(3% rdg.+11 d)						30	-	
		0.00 9.99 A	0.01 A	10 m\//A	2 100 4		±(27% rdg.+100 d)	±(3% rdg.+100 d)	1					3	1	
		10.0 99.9 A	0.1 A	10 mV/A	3 100 A		±(27% rdg.+11 d)	±(3% rdg.+11 d)	1					300	1	
		0.00 9.99 A	0.01 A	10 m///	0.5 100 4		±(5% rdg.+12 d)	±(3% rdg.+12 d)							100A	
		10.0 99.9 A	0.1 A	10 mV/A	0.5 100 A	f _N =	±(5% rdg.+2 d)	±(3% rdg.+2 d)	1						~	
		0.00 9.99 A	0.01 A			f _N = DC/16.7/50/60/	±(5% rdg.+50 d)	±(3% rdg.+50 d)	1						1000A	
		10.0 99.9 A 0.1 A 1 mV/A 5 1000 A		200 Hz	±(5% rdg.+7 d)	±(3% rdg.+7 d)	1									
		100 999 A	1 A				±(5% rdg.+2 d)	±(3% rdg.+2 d)	1						~	

1 U > 253 V, with 2 or 3-pole adapter only

2

 $\begin{array}{l} 2 \ 1.92$

 4 at R_{Eselekti}/R_{Egesant} < 100 5 the indicated measuring and intrinsic uncertainties already include the uncertainties of the respective current clamp.

⁶ Measuring range of the signal input at the test instrument U_E: 0 ... 1.0 V_{eff} (0 ... 1.4
 Vpeak) AC/DC

 7 Input impedance of signal input at the test instrument: 800 k Ω 8 for $f_N <$ 45 Hz => $U_N <$ 253 V 7

Key: D = digits, rdg. = measured value (reading)

Characteristic Values PROFITEST MPRO, MXTRA & SECULIFE IP

_			_	Input							Con	nectior	ıs		
Func- tion	Measured Quantity	Display Range	Reso- lution	Impedance / Test Current	Measuring Range	Nominal Values	Measuring Uncertainty	Intrinsic Uncertainty	Plug Insert ¹	2-Pole Adapter	3-Pole Adapter	Probe	WZ12C	Clamp Z3512A	
	U _{L-PE}	0 99.9 V	0.1 V		0.3 600 V ¹		±(2% rdg.+5d)	±(1% rdg.+5d)							
	U _{N-PE}	100 600 V 15.0 99.9 Hz	1 V 0.1 Hz	-		U _N = 120 V		±(1% rdg. + 1 d)	•	•	•				
	f	100 999 Hz	1 Hz	_	DC 15.4 420 Hz	230 V		±(0.1% rdg. + 1 d)							
U	U _{3~}	0 99.9 V 100 600 V	0.1 V 1 V	$5 M\Omega$	0.3 600 V	400 V 500 V	$\pm(3\% \text{ rdg.}+5d)$ $\pm(3\% \text{ rdg.}+1 \text{ d})$	\pm (2% rdg.+5d) \pm (2% rdg. + 1 d)			•				
	U _{Probe}	0 99.9 V	0.1 V	-	1.0 600 V	f 102/ 150/	±(2% rdg.+5d)	±(1% rdg.+5d)				•			
		100 600 V 0 99.9 V	1 V 0.1 V	-	1.0 600 V ¹	f _N = 16 ² / ₃ /50/ 60/200/400 Hz	$\pm (2\% \text{ rdg.} + 1 \text{ d})$ $\pm (3\% \text{ rdg.} + 5\text{d})$	\pm (1% rdg.+1d) \pm (2% rdg.+5d)		_	•		-		
	U _{L-N}	100 600 V	1 V		1.0 600 V		±(3% rdg. + 1 d)	±(2% rdg. + 1 d) +1% rdg1d	•		•				
	$U_{I\Delta N}$	0 70.0 V	0.1 V	$0.3 \cdot I_{\Delta N}$	5 70 V	U _N = 120 V	+10% rdg. + 1 d	+1% rdg1d +9% rdg. + 1 d							
		10 Ω 999 Ω 1.00 kΩ 6.51 kΩ	1 Ω 0.01 kΩ	$I_{\Delta N} = 10 \text{ mA} \cdot 1.05$		230 V									
		3 Ω 999 Ω			-	400 V									
	P	1 kΩ 2.17 kΩ		$I_{\Delta N} = 30 \text{ mA} \cdot 1.05$	calculated value	$f_N = 50/60 \text{ Hz}$									
	R _E	1Ω 651 Ω 0.3 Ω 99.9 Ω	1Ω 0.1 Ω	I _{ΔN} =100 mA · 1.05		U _I = 25/50 V									
		$100 \Omega 217 \Omega$	1Ω	I _{ΔN} =300 mA · 1.05		0L = 23/30 V									
$I_{\Delta N}$		0.2 Ω 9.9 Ω	0.1 Ω	I _{∆N} =500 mA · 1.05		$I_{\Delta N} =$									
	$I_F (I_{\Delta N} = 6 \text{ mA})$	10 Ω 130 Ω 1.8 7.8 mA	1Ω	1.8 7.8 mA	1.8 7.8 mA	6 mA 10 mA						0			
IF_	$I_F (I_{\Delta N} = 10 \text{ mA})$	3.0 13.0 mA	0,1 mA	3.0 13.0 mA	3.0 13.0 mA	30 mA			-			Option			
	$I_{\rm F} (I_{\rm AN} = 30 \text{ mA})$	9.0 39.0 mA		9.0 39.0 mA	9.0 39.0 mA	100 mA		±(3.5% rdg. + 2							
	$I_F (I_{\Delta N} = 100 \text{ mA})$ $I_F (I_{\Delta N} = 300 \text{ mA})$	30 130 mA 90 390 mA	1 mA 1 mA	30 130 mA 90 390 mA	30 130 mA 90 390 mA	300 mA 500 mA ²	±(5% rdg. + 1 d)	d)							
	$I_F (I_{\Delta N} = 500 \text{ mA})$ $I_F (I_{\Delta N} = 500 \text{ mA})$	150 650 mA	1 mA	150 650 mA	150 650 mA	000 1111									
	$U_{L\Delta} / U_L = 25 V$	0 25.0 V	0.1 V	Same as I_{Λ}	0 25.0 V		+10% rdg. + 1 d	+1% rdg1d	-						
	$\frac{U_{L\Delta}}{U_L} = 50 \text{ V}$	0 50.0 V 0 1000 ms		6 500 mA	0 50.0 V 0 1000 ms	U _N ≤230 V	110/0103.1110	+9% rdg.+ 1d	-						
	$t_A (I_{\Delta N} \cdot 1)$ $t_A (I_{\Delta N} \cdot 2)$	0 1000 ms	1 ms 1 ms	2 · 6 2 · 500 mA	0 1000 ms	U _N ≤ 230 V	±4 ms	±3 ms							
	$t_A (I_{\Delta N} \cdot 5)$	0 40 ms	1 ms	5 · 6 5 · 300 mA	0 40 ms										
	Z _{L-PE} ($0 \dots 999 \ m\Omega$		3.7 4.7 A AC	0.10 0.49 Ω 0.50 0.99 Ω	U _N = 120/230 V 400/500 V ¹	±(10% rdg.+20d) ±(10% rdg.+20d)	±(5% rdg.+20d) ±(4% rdg.+20d)							
	Z _{L-N}	$1.00 \dots 9.99 \Omega$	1 mΩ	3.7 4.7 A AU	$1.00 \dots 9.99 \Omega$	$f_N = 16^2 / 3^8 / 50 / 60 \text{ Hz}$	$\pm (10\% \text{ rdg.} \pm 200)$ $\pm (5\% \text{ rdg.} \pm 3d)$	\pm (3% rdg.+3d)							
	Z _{L-PE}	$0 \dots 999 \ \text{m}\Omega$	0.01 Ω 0.1 Ω	3.7 4.7 A AC	0.25 0.99 Ω		±(18% rdg.+30d)	±(6% rdg.+50d)	-						
	+ DC	1.00 9.99 Ω 10.0 29.9 Ω	0.1 22	0.5/1.25 A DC	$1.00 \dots 9.99 \Omega$	$f_N = 50/60 \text{ Hz}$	$\pm(10\% \text{ rdg.}+3\text{d})$	\pm (4% rdg.+3d)							
Z _{L-PE}	1 /7	0 9.9 A	0,1 A		120 (108 132) V	1			-						
-L-PE	I _K (Z _{L-PE} ▲,	10 999 A	1 A		230 (196 253) V		Value calcula	ted from Z _{L-PF}	•						
Z _{L-N}	$Z_{L-PE} - DC)$	1.00 9.99 kA 10.0 50.0 kA	10 A 100 A		400 (340 440) V 500 (450 550) V					Z _{L-PE}					
	Z _{L-PF} (15 mA)	$0.5 \ldots 99.9 \ \Omega$	0.1 Ω		10 100 Ω			±(2% rdg. + 2 d)	-						
	2L-PE (13 111A)	100 999 Ω	1Ω	-	100 1000 Ω	U _N = 120/230 V	±(8% rdg. + 2 d)	±(1% rdg. + 1 d)	_						
		0.10 9.99 A	0.01 A	15 mA AC	100 mA 12 A (U _N = 120 V)	$f_N = 16^2 / \frac{8}{50} / \frac{50}{3}$	Value calci	ulated from							
	l _K (15 mA)	10.0 99.9 A 100 999 A ¹⁴⁾	0.1 A 1 A		200 mA 25 A	60 Hz		_{-PE} (15 mA)							
					$(U_N = 230 \text{ V})$ 0.10 Ω 0.49 Ω		±(10% rdg.+20d)	$\pm (5\% \text{ rdg} \pm 20\text{d})$							<u> </u>
	R _{E.sl} (without	0999 mΩ	1 mΩ		$0.50 \Omega \dots 0.99 \Omega$		$\pm(10\% \text{ rdg.}\pm20\text{d})$ $\pm(10\% \text{ rdg.}\pm20\text{d})$								
	probe)	1.00 9.99 Ω 10.0 99.9 Ω	0.01 Ω 0.1 Ω	3.7 4.7 A AC 400 mA AC	1.0 Ω9.99 Ω	U _N same as U function ¹	±(5% rdg.+3d)	±(3% rdg.+3d)							
	R _⊏ (with probe)	$100 \dots 999 \ \Omega$	1Ω	40 mA AC	10 Ω99.9 Ω 100 Ω999 Ω	$f_N = 50/60 \text{ Hz}$	±(10% rdg.+3d) ±(10% rdg.+3d)	±(3% rdg.+3d) ±(3% rdg.+3d)							
	HE (MILL PLODO)	1 kΩ 9.99 kΩ	0.01 kΩ	4 mA AC	1 kΩ 9.99 kΩ		$\pm(10\% \text{ rdg.}+3d)$	\pm (3% rdg.+3d)							
R _E	R _{E (15 mA)}	0.5 99.9 Ω	0.1 Ω	15 mA AC	10 Ω99.9 Ω	$U_{\rm N} = 120/230 \rm V$		$\pm (2\% \text{ rdg.} + 2 \text{ d})$				•			
-	(without/with probe) R _{E.sl} (without	100 999 Ω	1Ω	-	100 Ω999 Ω	f _N = 50/60 Hz	±(8% rdg. + 2 d)	±(1% rdg. + 1 d)	-						
	probe) $-$ + DC	0 999 mΩ 1.00 9.99 Ω	1 mΩ 0.01 Ω	3.7 4.7 A AC	$0.25 \dots 0.99 \Omega$	U _N = 120/230 V		±(6% rdg.+50d)							
	R _{E.sl} (with probe)	$10.0 \dots 29.9 \Omega$	0.01 Ω	0.5/1.25 A DC	$1.00 \dots 9.99 \Omega$	$f_N = 50/60 \text{ Hz}$	±(10% rdg.+3d)	±(4% rdg.+3d)							
	+ DC		1 \/	27 47440	$R_{F} = 0.10 \dots 9.99 \Omega$	U _N = 120/230 V	Coloulated L	_ p /p	-						
	UE	0 253 V	1 V		nE = 0.10 a.aa Ω	f _N = 50/60 Hz	valculated UE	$= U_{N} \cdot R_{E/R_{E.SI}}$							<u> </u>
	R _{E.sel}	$0 \dots 999 \text{m}\Omega 2$ 1.00 \ldots 9.99 Ω	1 mΩ 0.01 Ω	2.1 A AC 2.1 A AC	0.05 000 0 4	U _N = 120/230 V	1/00%	1/1E0/						-	
R _E	(only with probe)	$10.0 \dots 99.9 \Omega$	0.1 Ω	400 mA AC	0.25 300 Ω ⁴	$f_N = 50/60 \text{ Hz}$	±(20% rdg.+20 d)	±(10% rag.+20 d)						•	
Sel	,	100 999 Ω 0 999 mΩ	1Ω 1 mΩ	40 mA AC					-						
Clamp		$1.00 \dots 999 \text{m}\Omega$	1 mΩ 0.01 Ω	3.7 4.7 A AC	0.25 300 Ω	U _N = 120/230 V	1/000/ 00 "	1/150/ 00 "							
	+ DC (only with probe)	$10.0 \dots 99.9 \Omega$	0.1 Ω	0.5/1.25 A DC	$R_{E.tot} < 10 \ \Omega^4$	$f_{N} = 50/60 \text{ Hz}$	±(22% rdg.+20 d)	±(10% rag.+20 d)							
	(,	100 999 Ω 10 kΩ 199 kΩ	1 Ω 1 kΩ		10 kΩ 199 kΩ		+(20% v M ±20)	±(10% v.M.+3D)							
EVTDA	7	200 kΩ 999 kΩ	1 kΩ	0.0 mA hai 000 V	200 kΩ 999 kΩ		±(20 /0 V.IVI.+2D)	±(10/0 V.IVI.+3D)							
	2 _{ST}	1.00 MΩ 9.99 MΩ	$0.01 \text{ M}\Omega$	2.3 THA DEI 230 V	$1.00 \text{ M}\Omega \dots 9.99 \text{ M}\Omega$	$U_0 = U_{L-N}$	±(10% v.M.+2D)	±(5% v.M.+3D)	-	-	-	-			
		10.0 MΩ 30.0 MΩ	U.1 ΜΩ		10.0 MΩ 30.0 MΩ										
		20 649 10	11/0	IT line veltage	20 k Ω 199 k Ω	nal voltages	±7%	±5%							
extra	IMD test	20 648 kΩ 2.51 MΩ		U.it = 90 550 V	200 kΩ 648 kΩ	UN.it =	±12%	±10%	•		•				
					2.51 MΩ		±3%	±2%							
extra Extra	Z _{ST}	1.00 MΩ 9.99 MΩ 10.0 MΩ 30.0 MΩ 20 648 kΩ	0.01 ΜΩ 0.1 ΜΩ 1 kΩ	2.3 mA bei 230 V IT line voltage U.it = 90 550 V	1.00 MΩ 9.99 MΩ 10.0 MΩ 30.0 MΩ 20 kΩ 199 kΩ	IT system nomi- nal voltages	±7%	±5%	•	•	•		•	D	•

											Con	nectio	ns		
Func-	Measured	Display Range	Reso-	Test Current	Measuring	Nominal	Measuring	Intrinsic	Dlug	0 Dal-	0 Dele		Cla		
tion	Quantity	Display hange	lution	lost ourrent	Range	Values	Uncertainty	Uncertainty	Plug Insert ¹	2-Pole Adapter	3-Pole Adapter	WZ12C	Z3512A	MFLEX P300	CP1100
		1 999 kΩ	1 kΩ		50 999 k Ω	U _N = 50 V								1 300	
		$1.00 \dots 9.99 \ M\Omega$	10 kΩ		1.00 49.9 MΩ	$U_N = 50 V$ $I_N = 1 mA$									
		$10.0 \dots 49.9 \ \text{M}\Omega$	$100 \text{k}\Omega$		1.00 43.3 1/122	N = 1 mA									
		1 999 kΩ	1 kΩ		$50 \dots 999 \mathrm{k}\Omega$	U _N = 100 V									
		$1.00 \dots 9.99 \ \text{M}\Omega$	10 kΩ		1.00 99.9 MΩ	$I_N = 1 \text{ mA}$	$k\Omega$ range	$k\Omega$ range							
		$10.0 \dots 99.9 \ \text{M}\Omega$	100 k Ω		1.00 00.0 Maz	$N_{\rm N} = 1.002$	$\pm (5\% \text{ rdg.} + 10\text{D})$								
	R _{ISO} , R _{E ISO}	1 999 kΩ	1 kΩ	I _K = 1.5 mA			±(070109.110D)	±(070109.1100)							
R _{ISO}	· 150, · · E 150	$1.00 \dots 9.99 \ M\Omega$	10 kΩ	in no mit	$50 \dots 999 \ k\Omega$	$U_{N} = 250 V$	M Ω range	$M\Omega$ range							
		$10.0 \dots 99.9 \ M\Omega$	100 k Ω		$1.00 \dots 200 \ M\Omega$	$I_N = 1 \text{ mA}$	$\pm (5\% \text{ rdg.} + 1 \text{ d})$	U	•	-					
		100 200 MΩ	1 MΩ				$\pm (5\% \text{ tug.} + 1 \text{ u})$	±(0/010g. 1 1 0)							
		1999 kΩ	1 kΩ		50 00010	$U_{N} = 325 V$									
		1.00 9.99 MΩ	10 kΩ		50 999 kΩ	$U_{\rm N} = 500 \rm V$									
		10.0 99.9 MΩ	100 kΩ		1.00 499 MΩ	$U_{\rm N} = 1000 {\rm V}$									
		100 500 MΩ	1 MΩ 1 V			$I_N = 1 \text{ mA}$									
	U	10 999 V– 1.00 1.19 kV	10 V		10 1.19 kV		±(3% rdg. + 1 d)	±(1.5% rdg. + 1 d)							
D		$0.00 \Omega \dots 9.99 \Omega$	10 mΩ	I _m ≥ 200 mA	$0.1 \Omega \dots 5.99 \Omega$										
R _{LO}	R _{LO}	10.0 Ω 199.9 Ω	100 m Ω	I _m < 200 mA	6.0 Ω 100 Ω	$U_0 = 4.5 V$	$\pm (4\% \text{ rdg.} + 2 \text{ d})$	±(2% rdg. + 2 d)							
				Transforma-			5	5							
				tion ratio ³											
		0.0 99.9 mA	0.1 mA				±(13% rdg.+5d)	±(5% rdg.+4d)	-						
	-	100 999 mA	1 mA	1 V/A	5 15 A		. (100/ rdg . 1d)	. (E0/ rdg , 1d)				I 15A			
		1.00 9.99 A 10.0 15.0 A	0.01 A 0.1 A	1 mV/A		f _N = 50/60 Hz	±(13% rdg.+1d)	±(5% rdg.+1d)							
		1.00 9.99 A	0.1 A			$I_{\rm N} = 50/60$ Hz	±(11% rdg.+4d)	±(4% rdg.+3d)							
		10.0 99.9 A	0.01 A		5 150 A		,	, , ,				II 150A			
			1 A		0 111 100 11		±(11% rdg.+1d)	±(4% rdg.+1d)				11 100/1			
		0.0 99.9 mA	0.1 mA	1 \//A	E 1000 A		±(7% rdq.+2 d)	±(5% rdq.+2 d)					1 0		1
		100 999 mA	1 mA	1 V/A	5 1000 mA		±(7% rdg.+1 d)	±(5% rdg.+1 d)					1 A		
		0.00 9.99 A	0.01 A	100 mV/A	0.05 10 A	f	$\pm(3.4\% \text{ rdg.}+2 \text{ d})$	±(3% rdg.+2 d)	1				10 A		
		0.00 9.99 A	0.01 A	10 mV/A	0.5 100 A	f _N = 16.7/50/60/200/	±(3.1% rdg.+2 d)	±(3% rdg.+2 d)					100 A		
SEN-		10.0 99.9 A	0.1 A	TUTIIV/A	0.5 100 A	400 Hz	±(3.1% rdg.+1 d)						100 A		
SOR		0.00 9.99 A	0.01 A			400112	$\pm(3.1\% \text{ rdg.}+1 \text{ d})$]						
6	I _{L/Amp}	10.0 99.9 A	0.1 A	1 mV/A	5 1000 A		±(3.1% rdg.+2 d)						1000A		
7		100 999 A	1 A				±(3.1% rdg.+1 d)								
·		0.0 99.9 mA	0.1 mA	1 V/A	30 1000 mA		±(27% rdg.+100 d)							0.03	
		100 999 mA	1 mA					±(3% rdg.+11 d)						3	
		0.00 9.99 A	0.01 A 0.01 A	100 mV/A	0.3 10 A	f _N = 50/60 Hz		±(3% rdg.+12 d) ±(3% rdg.+11 d)	-					0.3 30	_
		0.00 9.99 A	0.01 A			+	$\pm (27\% \text{ rdg.}+11\text{ d})$ $\pm (27\% \text{ rdg.}+100 \text{ d})$		-					30	-
		10.0 99.9 A	0.01 A	10 mV/A	3 100 A			$\pm (3\% \text{ rdg.}+100 \text{ d})$ $\pm (3\% \text{ rdg.}+11 \text{ d})$	-					300	+
		0.00 9.99 A	0.1 A				$\pm (5\% \text{ rdg.}+12 \text{ d})$			-				000	100A
		10.0 99.9 A	0.1 A	10 mV/A	0.5 100 A	f _N =	$\pm (5\% \text{ rdg.} + 12 \text{ d})$ $\pm (5\% \text{ rdg.} + 2 \text{ d})$	$\pm(3\% \text{ rdg.}+2 \text{ d})$ $\pm(3\% \text{ rdg.}+2 \text{ d})$	-						100A
						DC/16.7/50/60/	, ,								
		0.00 9.99 A 10.0 99.9 A	0.01 A 0.1 A	1 mV/A	5 1000 A	200 Hz	\pm (5% rdg.+50 d) \pm (5% rdg.+7 d)	±(3% rdg.+50 d) ±(3% rdg.+7 d)	-						1000A
		100 999 A	1 A	T HIV/A	J 1000 A	200112	$\pm (5\% \text{ rdg.}+7 \text{ d})$ $\pm (5\% \text{ rdg.}+2 \text{ d})$		-						~
		3-pole adapter only				5		g and intrinsic un		1					

3-pa daptei 2

Special Function PROFITEST MPRO, MXTRA

1/2 : LAN > 300 mA and 5 · LAN > 500 mA and If > 300 mA only up to U_N \leq 230 V! The transformation ratio selected at the clamp (1 ... 1000 mV/A) must be set in the "Type" menu with the rotary switch in the "SENSOR" position. З

4 Where R_{Eselective}/R_{Etotal} < 100

ted measuring and intrinsic uncertainties already include the uncertainties of the respective current clamp.

6 Measuring range of the signal input at the test instrument U_F: 0 ... 1.0 V_{eff} (0 ... 1.4 Vpeak) AC/DC

 7 Input impedance of signal input at the test instrument: 800 k Ω 8 for $f_N < 45$ Hz => $U_N < 253$ V

Func-	Measured		Reso-	Test Current/		Measuring	Intrinsic		Conne	ctions	
tion	Quantity	Display Range	lution	Signal Frequency ⁵	Measuring Range	Uncertainty	Uncertainty		r Test Plug PRO-RE/2	Current Z3512A	Clamps Z591B
	RE, 3-pole	0.00 9.99 Ω 10.0 99.9 Ω	0.01 Ω 0.1 Ω	16 mA/128 Hz 1.6 mA/128 Hz	1.00 Ω 19.9 Ω 5.0 Ω 199 Ω	±(10% rdg.+10D) + 1 Ω	±(3% rdg.+5D) + 0,5 Ω	6			
	RE, 4-pole	100 999 Ω 1.00 9.99 kΩ 10.0 50.0 kΩ	$0.01 \ \text{k}\Omega$	0.16 mA/128 Hz 0.16 mA/128 Hz 0.16 mA/128 Hz	50 Ω 1.99 kΩ 0.50kΩ 19.9kΩ 0.50kΩ 49.9kΩ	±(10% rdg.+10d)	±(3% rdg.+5d)	Ь			
RE _{BAT}	RE, 4-pole Selective With clamp meter	$\begin{array}{c} 0.00 \dots 9.99 \ \Omega \\ 10.0 \dots 99.9 \ \Omega \\ 100 \dots 999 \ \Omega \\ 1.00 \dots 9.99 \ \mathrm{k}\Omega \\ 10.0 \dots 19.9 \ \mathrm{k}\Omega \ ^{15} \\ 10.0 \dots 49.9 \ \mathrm{k}\Omega \ ^{16} \end{array}$	0.1 kΩ	16 mA/128 Hz 16 mA/128 Hz 1.6 mA/128 Hz 0.16 mA/128 Hz 0.16 mA/128 Hz 0.16 mA/128 Hz 0.16mA/128 Hz	1.00 Ω 9.99 Ω 10.0 Ω 200 Ω	±(15% rdg.+10d) ±(20% rdg.+10d) 10		6		9	
	Soil resistivity (p)	0.0 9.9 Ωm 100 999 Ωm 1.00 9.99 kΩm		16 mA/128 Hz 1.6 mA/128 Hz 0.16 mA/128 Hz 0.16 mA/128 Hz 0.16 mA/128 Hz	$\begin{array}{c} 100 \ \Omega m \ \ 9.99 \ k\Omega m \ ^{12} \\ 500 \ \Omega m \ \ 9.99 \ k\Omega m \ ^{12} \\ 5.00 \ k\Omega m \ \ 9.99 \ k\Omega m \ ^{13} \\ 5.00 \ k\Omega m \ \ 9.99 \ k\Omega m \ ^{13} \\ 5.00 \ k\Omega m \ \ 9.99 \ k\Omega m \ ^{13} \\ \end{array}$	±(20% rdg.+10d)	±(12% rdg.+10d)	6			
	Probe distance d (p)	0.1 999 m 0.00 9.99 Ω	0.01 Ω								
	RE, 2 clamps	10.0 99.9 Ω 100 999 Ω 1.00 1.99 kΩ	0.1 Ω 1 Ω 0.01 kΩ	30 V / 128 Hz	0.10 9.99 Ω 10.0 99.9 Ω	\pm (10% rdg.+5d) \pm (20% rdg.+5d)	±(5% rdg.+5d) ±(12% rdg.+5d)		7	9	8

⁵ Signal frequency without interference signal
 ⁶ PRO-RE (Z501S) adapter cable for test plug, for connecting earth probes (E-Set 3/4)

7 PRO-RE/2 (Z5021) adapter cable for test plug, for connecting the generator clamp (E-CLIP2) Generator clamp: E-CLIP2 (Z591B) ⁹ Clamp meter: Z3512A (Z225A)

8

¹⁰ Where RE.sel/RE < 10 or clamp current > 500 μ A

 11 Where RE.H/RE \leq 100 and RE.E/RE \leq 100 12 Where d = 20 m 13 Where d = 2 m

 12 Where d = 20 m

¹⁴ Where $Z_{L-PE} < 0.5 \Omega$, $I_k > U_N/0.5 \Omega$ is indicated ¹⁵ Only where RANGE = 20 kΩ

¹⁶ Only where RANGE = 50 k Ω or AUTO

PROFITEST MASTER Characteristic Values

Reference Conditions

Line voltage

Line frequency

Supply power

Finger contact

insulation

230 V ± 0.1 % 50 Hz ± 0.1 % Meas. quantity frequency 45 Hz ... 65 Hz Sine (deviation between effective and Measured qty. waveform rectified value ≤ 0.1 %) Line impedance angle $\cos \phi = 1$ Probe resistance $\leq 10 \ \Omega$ 12 V ± 0.5 V + 23° C \pm 2 K Ambient temperature 40% to 60% Relative humidity For testing potential difference to ground potential Standing surface Purely ohmic

R_{LO}

Electronic protection prevents switching on if interference voltage is present

Fine-wire fuse protection

FF 3.15 A 10 s, fuses blow at > 5 A

Electrical Safety

Protection class II per IEC 61010-1/EN 61010-1/ VDE 0411-1 Nominal voltage 230/400 V (300/500 V) 3.7 kV 50 Hz Test voltage Measuring category CAT III 500 V or CAT IV 300 V Pollution degree 2 Fusing, L and N terminals 1 cartridge fuse-link ea. FF 3.15/500G 6.3 x 32 mm

Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

		Interference emi
Power Supply		EN 55022
Dechargeable betteries	P apple AA 1 E V	Interference imn
Rechargeable batteries	8 each AA 1.5 V, we recommend only using the battery	EN 61000-4-2
	pack included in the standard equip-	EN 61000-4-3
	ment (pack of rechargeable batteries	EN 61000-4-4
	article no. Z502H)	EN 61000-4-5
Number of measuremen	ts (standard setup with illumination)	EN 61000-4-6
– For R _{ISO}	1 measurement – 25 s pause:	EN 61000-4-11
	Approx. 1100 measurements	
– For R _{LO}	Automatic polarity reversal / 1 Ω (1 measuring cycle) – 25 s pause: Approx. 1000 measurements	Ambient Co
Battery test	Symbolic display of battery voltage	Accuracy
·	BAT	Operation
Battery saver circuit	Display illumination can be switched off. The test instrument is switched off	Storage
	automatically after the last key opera- tion. The user can select the desired on-time.	Relative humic Elevation
Safety shutdown	If supply voltage is too low, the instru-	
	ment is switched off, or cannot be switched on.	Mechanical
Recharging socket	Installed rechargeable batteries can be recharged directly by connecting a	Display
	charger to the recharging socket: charger Z502R	Dimensions Weight
Charging time	Charger Z502R:	VIGINI
	Approx. 2 hours *	Protection
* Maximum charging time with	fully depleted rechargeable batteries.	

Maximum charging time with fully depleted rechargeable batteries. A timer in the charger limits charging time to no more than 4 hours.

Overload Capacity

R _{ISO} U _{L-PE} , U _{L-N}	1200 V continuous 600 V continuous
RCD, R _E , R _F	440 V continuous
Z _{L-PE} , Z _{L-N}	550 V (Limits the number of measure- ments and pause duration. If overload occurs, the instrument is switched off by means of a thermostatic switch.)

Product standard	EN 61326-1:2013	
Interference emission		Class
EN 55022		A
Interference immunity	Test Value	Feature
EN 61000-4-2	Contact/atmos 4 kV/8 kV	
EN 61000-4-3	10 V/m	
EN 61000-4-4	Mains connection – 2 kV	
EN 61000-4-5	Mains connection – 1 kV	
EN 61000-4-6	Mains connection – 3 V	
EN 61000-4-11	0.5 period / 100%	

onditions

Accuracy	0 to + 40 °C
Operation	–5 to + 50 °C
Storage	-20 to +60 °C (without rechargeable batteries)
Relative humidity	Max. 75%, no condensation allowed
Elevation	Max. 2000 m

I Design

Display	Multiple display with dot matrix, 128 x 128 pixels
Dimensions	W x L x D: 260 x 330 x 90 mm
Weight	approx. 2.7 kg with rechargeable batteries
Protection	Housing: IP 40, test probe: IP 40 per EN 60529/DIN VDE 0470, part 1

Data Interfaces

Туре	USB slave for PC connection
Туре	RS 232 for barcode and RFID scanners
Туре	<i>Bluetooth</i> [®] for connection to PC
	(PROFITEST MTECH+/MXTRA/SECULIFE IP
re-	only)
ad	Of Hy)

Scope of delivery:

- 1 Test instrument
- 1 Earthing contact plug insert (country-specific)
- 1 2-pole measuring adapter and 1 cable for expansion into a 3-pole adapter (PRO-A3-II)
- 2 Alligator clips
- 1 Shoulder strap
- 1 Set of rechargeable batteries (Z502H)
- 1 Battery charger Z502R
- 1 USB cable
- 1 DAkkS calibration certificate
- 1 Supplement Safety Information
- 1 Condensed operating instructions*
- * Detailed operating instructions for download from our website at www.gossenmetrawatt.com
- 1 Card with registration key for software

Special Functions with PROFITEST MPRO and PROFITEST MXTRA

(Rechargeable) Battery Powered Earthing Resistance Measurements

Earthing Resistance R_E

3-wire measuring method, probes and earth electrodes connected via PRO-RE adapter

4-wire measuring method, probes and earth electrodes connected via PRO-RE adapter

Selective Earthing Resistance R_E

(4-wire measuring method) Current clamp sensor connected directly, probes and earth electrodes connected via PRO-RE adapter

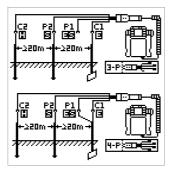
Earth Loop Resistance R_{Eloop}

2-clamp measurement:

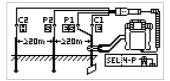
Current clamp sensor connected directly, current clamp transformer connected via PRO-RE/2 adapter

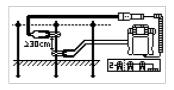
Soil Resistivity Rho

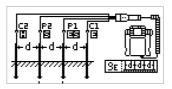
Probes connected via PRO-RE adapter



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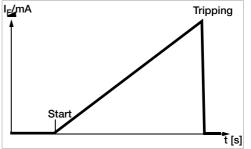






Special Functions with PROFITEST MTECH+/MXTRA and SECULIFE IP

Tripping Test for Type B, AC/DC Sensitive RCDs 🖂 📼 with Rising DC Residual Current and Measurement of Tripping Current



With the selector switch in the I_F _ position, slowly rising current flows via N and PE. The momentary measured current value is continuously displayed. When the RCCB is

tripped, the last measured current value is displayed. A greatly reduced rate of increase is used for delayed RCCBs (type [s]).

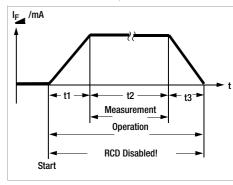
Tripping Test for Type B, AC/DC Sensitive RCDs \fbox = with Constant DC Residual Current and Measurement of Tripping Time

With the selector switch set to the respective nominal residual current, twice the selected nominal current flows via N and PE. Time to trip is measured for the RCCB and displayed.

Loop Resistance Measurement with Suppression of RCD Tripping

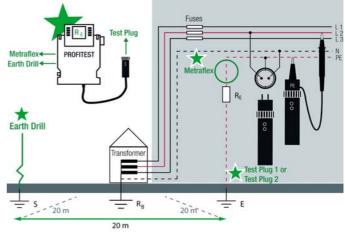
The test instruments make it possible to measure loop impedance in TN systems with type A, F \boxtimes and type AC \boxtimes RCCBs (10, 30, 100, 300, 500 mA nominal residual current).

The respective test instrument generates a DC residual current to this end, which saturates the RCCB's magnetic circuit. The test instrument then superimposes a measuring current which only demonstrates half-waves of like polarity. The RCCB is no longer



capable of detecting this measuring current, and is consequently not tripped during measurement.

Selective Earthing Resistance Measurement (mains powered)



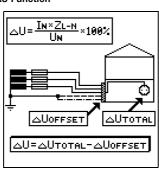
Special Functions

Voltage Drop Measurement (at Z_{LN}) – ΔU Function

According to DIN VDE 100, part 600, voltage drop from the intersection of the distribution network and the consumer system to the point of connection of an electrical power consumer (electrical outlet or device connector terminals) should not exceed 4% of nominal line voltage.

Voltage drop calculation:

 $\Delta U = Z_{L-N} \bullet \text{ rated fuse current}$ $\Delta U \text{ as } \% = \Delta U / U_{L-N}$





Special Functions PROFITEST MXTRA

Leakage Current Measurement with PRO-AB Adapter (PROFITEST MXTRA only)

рит

Ο

Contacting

of exposed

metal surface

<u>Measurement of</u>

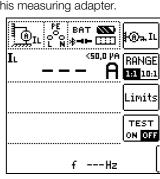
<u>leakage current</u>

Measurement of continuous leakage and patient auxiliary current per IEC 62353 (VDE 0750, part 1) / IEC 601-1 / EN 60 601-1:2006 (Medical electrical equipment – General requirements for basic safety) is possible with the help of the PRO-AB leakage current measuring adapter used as an accessory with the **PROFITEST MXTRA** test instrument.

As specified in the standards listed above, current values of up

to 10 mA may be measured with this measuring adapter.

In order to be able to fully cover this measuring range using the measurement input provided on the test instrument (2-pole current clamp input), the measuring instrument is equipped with range switching between transformation ratios of 10:1 and 1:1.



L1.N.PE

2502S

Ы

open

TEST

ON DEE

Measurement of the Impedance of Insulating Floors and Walls (standing surface insulation impedance) – Z_{ST} Function

The instrument measures the impedance between a weighted metal plate and earth. Line voltage available at the measuring site is used as an alternating voltage source. The Z_{ST} equivalent circuit is considered a parallel circuit.



230U fn 50,0Hz

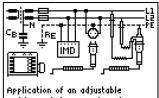
Uн

wooden board

Testing of Insulation Monitoring Devices (IMDs) (PROFITEST MXTRA and SECULIFE IP only)

Insulation monitors are used in power supplies for which a single-pole earth fault may not result in failure of the power supply, for example in operating rooms or photovoltaic systems.

Insulation monitors can be tested with the help of this special function. After pressing the start button, an adjustable insulation resistance is activated between one of the two phases of the IT system to be monitored and ground to



resistance between external conductor and earth in the IT mains

Start/Stop: press **Stiflat**

this end. This resistance can be changed in the manual sequence mode with the help of the softkeys, and it can be varied automatically from R_{max} to R_{min} in the automatic operating mode.

Time, during which the momentary resistance value prevails at the system until the next change in value, is displayed. The IMD's display and response characteristics can be subsequently evaluated and documented with the help of the softkeys.



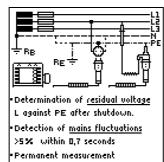
Special Functions PROFITEST MXTRA

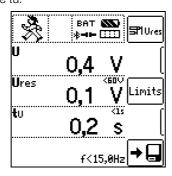
Determining Residual Voltage / Detecting Mains Fluctuations (PROFITEST MXTRA only)

The EN 60204 standard specifies that after switching supply power off, residual voltage between L and PE must drop to a value of 60 V or less within 5 seconds at all accessible, active components of a machine to which a voltage of greater that 60 V is applied during operation.

With the PROFITEST MXTRA, testing for the absence of voltage is performed as follows by means of a voltage measurement which involves measuring discharge time tu:

In the case of voltage dips of greater than 5% of momentary line voltage (within 0.7 seconds), the stopwatch is started and momentary undervoltage is displayed as Ures after 5 seconds and indicated by the red UL/RL diode.





 $ta[I_{\Delta}] > ta[I_{\Delta N}[100\%]]$

10,30,100,300,500 & 😫 [mA]

300m

35%

Idn

IAN:

a [ms]

I 🖌 [mA]

Special Functions PROFITEST MXTRA

Testing Residual Current Monitoring Devices (RCMs) (PROFITEST MXTRA only)

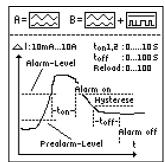
RCMs (residual current monitors) monitor residual current in electrical systems and display it continuously. As is also the case with residual current devices, external switching devices can be controlled in order to shut down supply power in the event that a specified residual current value is exceeded. However, the advantage of an RCM is that the user is informed of fault current within the system before shutdown takes place.

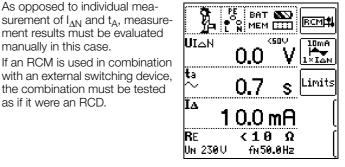
As opposed to individual mea-

ment results must be evaluated

manually in this case.

as if it were an RCD.





Testing the Operating States of Electric Vehicles at Charging Stations per IEC 61851 (PROFITEST MTECH+ & PROFITEST MXTRA only)

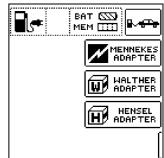
A charging station is an equipment designed for the charging of electric vehicles per

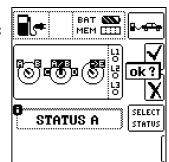
IEC 61851 which essentially consists of a plug connector, a cable protection, a residual current device (RCD), as well as a circuit breaker and a security communication system (PWM).

Depending on the place of installation and application, further functional features such as mains connection and meter may be included.

Simulation of operating states per IEC 61851 with the MENNEKES test box (State A - E)

The MENNEKES test box only serves the purpose of simulating different operating states of an electric vehicle fictitiously connected with a charging station.





Intelligent Ramp (PROFITEST MXTRA only)

The advantage of this measuring function in contrast to individual measurement of $I_{\Delta N}$ and t_A is the simultaneous measurement of breaking time and breaking current by means of a test current which is increased in steps. during which the RCD is tripped only once.

The intelligent ramp is subdivided into time segments of 300 ms each between the initial current value (35% $I_{\Delta N})$ and the final cur-

rent value (130% I_{AN}). This results in a gradation for which each step corresponds to a constant test current which is applied for no longer than 300 ms, assuming that tripping does not occur.

And thus both tripping current and tripping time are measured and displayed.

ват 🔊 ទ្ឋី #:ta+la ¶≱⊣⊢ <50V 30mA UI∆N 0.0 RCD. A. <300ms >0ms ta 3 ms Limits >1<u>5,0mA_</u><30,0mA IΔ 15.5 mA <3 Ω RE ÷ UN 230U fn 50.0Hz

GMC-I Messtechnik GmbH

Special Functions PROFITEST MXTRA

Test Sequences for Report Generation of Fault Simulations on PRCDs type S and K with PROFITEST PRCD (PROFITEST MXTRA only):

- Three test sequences are preconfigured:
- PRCD-S (single phase/3-pole)
- PRCD-K (single phase/3-pole)
- PRCD-S (three-phase/5-pole)
- The test instrument guides you through all test steps in a semi-automatic fashion:

Single phase PRCDs: PRCD PRCD 3-phase PRCDs: PRCD

PRCD-S: 11 test steps PRCD-K: 4 test steps PRCD-S: 18 test steps

- Each test step is assessed and evaluated by the user (OK/not OK) for subsequent report generation purposes.
- Measurement of protective conductor resistance of the PRCD by means of function R_{LO} at the test instrument.
- Measurement of insulation resistance of the PRCD by means of function ${\sf R}_{\rm ISO}$ at the test instrument.
- Trip test with nominal fault current by means of function I_F
 i at the test instrument.
- Measurement of tripping time by means of function ${\rm I}_{\Delta {\rm N}}$ at the test instrument.
- Varistor test with PRCD-K: measurement via ISO ramp.

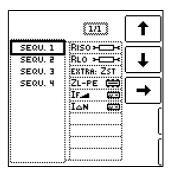
Further information is included in the data sheet for the PROFITEST PRCD.

Special Functions (all Types)

Automatic Test Sequence Function

If the same order of tests with subsequent report generation is to be performed repeatedly, as is, for example, specified by certain standards, we recommend using test sequences.

With the help of test sequences it is possible to compile automatic test procedures on the basis of the manual individual measurements. A test sequence consists of up to 200 individual test steps which have to be processed one after the other.



The test sequences are created at a PC by means of the ETC software and are then transferred to the **PROFITEST MPRO** or **PROF-ITEST MXTRA** test instruments.

The measurement parameters are also configured at a PC. However, they can still be modified at the test instrument during the test procedure before the respective measurement is launched.



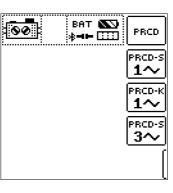
Interface (PROFITEST MTECH+/MXTRA/SECULIFE IP only)

If your PC is equipped with a *Bluetooth*[®] interface, wireless communication is possible between the test instrument and ETC user software for the transfer of data and test structures.

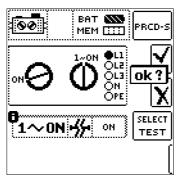
Furthermore, it is possible to connect a Bluetooth keyboard (Logitech).



Selecting the PRCD under Test



Example Simulation Interruption



IZYTRONIQ

Database Software for Complete Management and Documentation of Testing



E-TREE								LOCATION TH	REE		
⊿ ≣								1 🖉 🖬 Suda	estpark (LIEGENSCHA	FT0002)	
🖉 🛔 Bosch (KU	NDE0001)							<u>⊿</u> – н.	us 15 (GEBAEUDE0001)		
E Rohr								⊿ =	EG (EBENE0001)		
E Bohr	maschine (GERAETOO2	ŋ									
								-			11
DEVICE		TECH	NICAL DATA		TEST SEQ	UENCE		TESTS			
ID DESIGNATION	GERAET0020 Bohrhammer			SERIAL NUMBER MANUFACTURER GN				status ok Type			•
CUSTOMER DESIGN	ATION Bosch			DEPARTMENT				COST CENTER			
LAST TEST LAST TEST RESULT				INTERVAL (MONTHS) DEADLINE STATUS				NEXT TEST			
COMMENT		MNAN	11. ·				111	1			
	(Drag a colum	in header here to	group by that colu	mo				
MARK ALL E	N OBJECT TYPE	ID	TYPE	DESIGNATION	SERIAL	MANUFA	STATUS	CUSTOMER DE	CUSTOMER ID	INTERVAL (M	LAST TES
	Device	GERAET0020		Bohrhammer		GM	OK	Bosch	KUNDE0001		

IZYTRONIQ allows for the management and documentation of measured values for the following test instruments of the **PROFITEST MASTER** series:

PROFITEST MPRO, PROFITEST MTECH+, PROFITEST MXTRA, SECULIFE IP; as from firmware version 3.0.0 in each case.

Basic Modules

IZYTRONIQ is broken down into modules in a clear-cut fashion:

- Portable objects (devices and medical devices)
 Testing, acquisition and management of portable devices
- Stationary objects (machines and systems)
 Testing, acquisition and management of stationary devices
- User administration Eal
 Enter and manage users
- Test instrument management
 Enter and manage test instruments

For further information on the application software please refer to the internet at www.izytron.com

Report Generation Accessories

See following page and separate ID systems data sheet regarding barcode scanners and printers, as well as RFID readers.

Scope of Functions of the BUSINESS Starter Variant

- Stationary objects (machinery & facilities)
- Portable objects (devices & medical devices)
- Test device management
- User management
- Push/print function
- Sequence management + sequence editor
- Catalog management and editing
- Tree structure for machinery and facilities
- Tree structure for devices and medical devices
- Tree structure for locations (facilities, buildings, levels & rooms)
- Simple universal report as a PDF
- Simple list generator (PDF, Excel)
- Red/green test analysis

Main communication features

- Import of memory structure, catalogs, sequences and measurements from the test device
- Export of memory structure, catalogs and sequences to the test device
- Data import of memory structure, catalogs, sequences and measurements from an XML file
- Data export of memory structure, catalogs, sequences and measurements to an XML file
- Data import of master data for portable objects from a CSV file

Barcode scanner for connection to RS 232 port at tester – Z502F



Barcode and label printer for USB connection to a PC - Z721E

Barcode/label printer for connection to a PC, for self-adhesive, smudge-proof barcode labels, for identifying devices and system components. Devices and system components can be logged by our test instruments, and acquired measured values can be allocated to them with the scanner.



SCANBASE RFID reader for connection to RS 232 port at tester - Z751G



The Z751G RFID reader is preprogrammed to scan the following RFD tags.

Order No.	Frequency	Standard	Туре	Quantity per Package
Z751R	13.56 MHz	ISO 15693	approx. 22 mm dia., self-adhesive	500 pieces
Z751S	13.56 MHz	ISO 15693	approx. 30 x 2 mm dia. with 3 mm hole	500 pieces
Z751T	13.56 MHz	ISO 15693	Pigeon ring, approx. 10 mm dia.	250 pieces

Power Supply Accessories



Accessory Plug Inserts and Adapters

Country specific Plug Inserts

PRO-Schuko



Country specific Plug Insert PRO-GB-USA (Z503B) Test Probes (L 68 mm, \varnothing 2,3 mm) Set-Probes (Z503F)

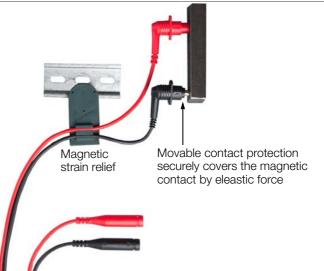
PRO-W



Flat test clip for contacting on busbars PRO-PE Clip (Z503G)



Magnetic measuring contacts (patent) with magnetic strain relief (Z502Z)



Variable Plug Adapter Set

PRO-RLO-II Plug Insert



3-Phase Current Adapters 5-pole



A3-16, A3-32 and A3-63 3-phase adapters are used for trouble-free connection of test instruments to 5pole CEE outlets. The three variants differ with regard to plug size, which corresponds respectively to 5-pole CEE outlets with current ratings of 16, 32 and 63 A. Phase sequence is indicated with lamps at all three variants. Testing the effectiveness of safety

measures is conducted via five 4 mm contact protected sockets.

3-Phase Current Adapter 7-pole



A3-16 Shielded and A3-32 Shielded 3-phase adapters are used for trouble-free connection of test instruments to 7-pole CEE outlets. The two variants differ with regard to plug size, which corresponds respectively to 7-pole CEE outlets with current ratings of 16 and 32 A. Testing the effectiveness of safety measures is conducted via seven 4 mm sockets with touch protection.



Three self-retaining, contact protected test probes for the connection of measurement cables with 4 mm banana plugs, or with contact protected plugs for sockets with an opening of 3.5 mm to 12 mm, e.g. CEE, Perilex sockets etc. For example,

the test probes also fit the square PE jacks on Perilex sockets. Maximum allowable operating voltage: 600 V per IEC 61010.

PRO-AB Leakage Current Measuring Adapter for PROFITEST MXTRA and SECULIFE IP



Input current: 0 to 10 mA Input impedance: $1 \text{ k}\Omega \pm 0.5\%$ Output voltage: 10:1 0 to 1 V (0.1 V/mA) 0 to 10 V (1 V/mA) 1:1 Output impedance: $10 \, \text{k}\Omega$



KS24 Cable Set



sion cable with a permanently attached test probe at one end and a contact protected socket at the other end, as well as an alligator clip which can be plugged onto the test probe.

includes a 4 m long exten-

The KS24 cable set

TELEARM 120 Telescoping Rod

Floor Probe



The 1081 floor probe makes it possible to measure the resistance of insulating floors in accordance with DIN VDE 0100, part 600, and EN 1081.



WZ12C

Current clamp sensor for leakage current, selectable measuring ranges: 1 mA to 15 A, 3% and 1 A to 150 A, 2% Transformation ratios: 1 mV/mA, 1 mV/A

METRAFLEX P300

Flexible current clamp sensor for selective earthing resistance measurement 3/30/300 A, 1 V/100 mV/10 mV/A



Earthing Resistance Measurement Accessories





PRO-RE/2 Clamp Adapter

Adapter which is mounted to the test plug allowing for connection of the E-Clip 2 generator clamp for 2clamp or ground-loop earthing resistance measurement. 2-clamp or ground loop measurement is thus made possible.

PRO-RE Adapter

Earth electrodes, auxiliary earth electrodes, probe and auxiliary probe are connected to the tester via the banana plug sockets, and thus via the adapter which is mounted to the test plug.

E-Clip 2 Clamp Generator



Output signal: 0.2 mA to 1.2 A Equipped with laboratory safety plug inputs

Measuring range: 0.2 A to 1200 A Measuring category: 600 V CAT III Max. cable dia.: 52 mm Transformation ratio: 1000 A/1A Frequency range: 40 Hz to 5 kHz



Z3512A AC Current Sensor Clamp

Switchable measuring ranges: 1 mA to 1/100/1000 A~ Transformation ratios: 1 V/A, 100mV/A, 10 mV/A, 1 mV/A

TR25 Reel



TR50 Drum with 50m Measurement Cable



50 m measurement cable coiled onto a plastic drum. Connection to the inside end of the cable is made possible with a socket integrated into the drum. The other end is equipped with a banana plug. The drum axle with handle can be removed for space saving storage.

Cable resistance can be compensated for with the rotary selector switch in the $\rm R_{\rm LO}$ position.

SP350 Earth Drill



E-Set 3 Earth Tester Set



Accessory Cases and Trolleys

SORTIMO L-BOXX GM (Z503D)



Foam insert for SORTIMO L-BOXX GM (Z503E)



Profi-Case (Z502W)



Outside dimensions: H x W x D 390 x 590 x 230 mm

Plastic system case Outside dimensions:

450 x 255 x 355 mm Foam insert Z503E

for tester and acces-

ordered seperately,

sories, has to be

WxHxD

see below.

E-CHECK Case (Z502M)



Outside dimensions: H x W x D 390 x 590 x 230 mm

Sample Contents



F2000 Universal Carrying Pouch



F2020 Large Universal Carrying Pouch



Test instrument, plug inserts, measuring adapters, replacement batteries, recording charts etc. can be stored in a clearcut fashion and conveniently transported in the F2000 carrying pouch. Outside dimensions: 380 x 310 x 200 mm (without buckles, handle and carrying strap)

> Outside dimensions: W x H x D $430 \times 310 \times 300 \text{ mm}$ (without buckles, handle and carrying strap)

Trolley for Profi-Case (Z502B) and E-CHECK Case (Z502N) Folded-up dimensions: 395 x 150 x 375 mm



Ever-ready case for PROFITEST MASTER (Z502X)



E-Mobility Accessories

PRO-TYP I (Z525B)



PRO-TYP II (Z525A)



Indication of Phase Voltages via LEDs

Depending on the charging station, either one or three phases can be active.

Testing of electrical charging stations with permanently connected charging cable due to extended CP test pin

Order Information

Designation	Туре	Article Number
PROFITEST MASTER Instrument Va	riants	·
Universal protective measures test instrument per EN 61557, sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 10 with inte- grated memory and insulation mea- surement up to 1000 V as well as selective earth measurement with current clamps as optional accesso- ries, with DAkkS calibration certifi- cate and I2YTRONIQ BUSINESS Chotae	DEOFITECT MEDO IO	NEGEO
Starter	PROFITEST MPRO IQ	M535C

Vehicle Simulation (CP)

Vehicle states A through E are selected with a rotary switch. Cable Simulation (PP)

via permanently wired cable coding

Fault Simulation

Simulation of a shortcircuit between CP and PE by means of a rotary switch Indication of Phase Voltages via LEDs

Vehicle Simulation (CP)

Vehicle states A through E are selected with a rotary switch. Cable Simulation (PP)

The various codings for charging cables with 13, 20, 32 and 63 A, as well as "no cable connected", can be simulated with the help of a rotary switch.

Fault Simulation

Simulation of a shortcircuit between CP and PE by means of a rotary switch

The E-CHECK case can be mounted Trolley for

to the trolley.

E-CHECK Case

Z502N

Designation	Туре	Article Number	Designation	Туре	Article Number
Jniversal protective measures test			Flat test clip for fast and safe con-		
instrument per EN 61557, sections			tacting on busbars. Powerful con-		
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 10 with inte-			tacting on the front and rear of the		
grated memory and insulation mea-			busbars by means of established		
surement up to 1000 V as well as			Multilam. Fixed Ø 4 mm socket in		
additional tripping test for AC/DC			the pressure grip handle section, to		
sensitive RCDs and loop impedance			fit spring-loaded Ø 4 mm plugs with		
measurement without tripping the			rigid insulating sleeve.		
RCD, e-mobility test, Bluetooth inter-			1000 V CAT IV/32 A	PRO-PE Clip	Z503G
ace, DAkkS calibration certifi-			2 magnetic measurement contacts		
cate and IZYTRONIQ BUSINESS	PROFITEST MTECH+		with contact protection – Set with		
Starter	IQ	M535B	magnetic holder, measurement con-		
Jniversal protective measures test			tacts 5,5 mm in diameter insulated,		
nstrument per EN 61557, sections					
			CAT III 1.000 V / 4 A, temperature		
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 10 with inte-			between -10 °C and 60 °C, under		
grated memory and insulation mea-			standard conditions and flat-head		
surement up to 1000 V as well as			screws holding force 1.200 g vertical		
additional tripping test for AC/DC			to contact area; measuring instrument	Set 3 – Magn. Measuring	
sensitive RCDs, loop impedance			connector: 4 mm sockets for PRO-A3-II	Tips	Z502Z
neasurement without tripping the			With 10 m cable based on 2-wire mea-	1* *	
RCD, selective earth measurement					
with current clamps as optional ac-			suring technology for PE and similar		75010
			measurements, 300 V / 16 A CAT IV	PRO-RLO-II	Z501P
cessories, testing of IMDs and			With 3 connector cables for any connec-		
RCMs, Bluetooth interface, DAkkS			tion standards, 300 V / 16 A, CAT IV	PRO-UNI-II	Z501R
calibration certificate and IZYTRO-		115050	5-pole 3-phase adapter for 16 A		
NIQ BUSINESS Starter	PROFITEST MXTRA IQ	M535D	CEE outlets	A3-16	GTZ3602000R000
Universal protective measures test				10 10	31200020001000
instrument per EN 61557, sections			5-pole 3-phase adapter for 32 A	40.00	077000000000000000000000000000000000000
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 10 with inte-			CEE outlets	A3-32	GTZ3603000R000
grated memory and insulation mea-			5-pole 3-phase adapter for 63 A		
surement up to 1000 V as well as			CEE outlets	A3-63	GTZ3604000R000
			Three-phase adapter shielded,		
additional tripping test for AC/DC					
sensitive RCDs and loop impedance			7-pin for CEE socket outlets 16 A,		75104
measurement, testing of IMDs, Blue-			CAT III 300 V - 10 A	A3-16 Shielded	Z513A
tooth interface, DAkkS calibration			Three-phase adapter shielded,		
certificate and IZYTRONIQ BUSI-			7-pin for CEE socket outlets 32 A,		
NESS Starter	SECULIFE IP IQ	M535E	CAT III 300 V – 10 A	A3-32 Shielded	Z513B
			Variable Plug Adapter Set	Z500A	Z500A
Test Instrument Power Supply Acc				2300A	2000A
	62201162		Calibration adapter for testing of the accu-		
3 LSD NiMH rechargeable batteries			racy of measuring instruments for insula-		
with reduced self-discharging (AA),			tion resistance and low-value resistors	ISO Calibrator 1	M662A
with sealed cells	MASTER Battery Set	Z502H	Leakage current measuring adapter		
Broad-range charger for charging			for PROFITEST MXTRA and		
batteries included in the PROFITEST			SECULIFE IP	PRO-AB	Z502S
				11070	20020
MTECH+, MPRO, MXTRA and					
SECULIFE IP	DDAFITEAT MAATES		Accessories		
nput: 100 to 240 V AC	PROFITEST MASTER	75000	Extension cable, 4 m	KS24	GTZ3201000R000
Dutput: 16.5 V DC, 1 A	Charger	Z502R	Telescoping rod for RLO and RISO	TELEARM 120 D	Z505C
			measurement, CAT III 600 V / CAT IV	TELEANIWI (ZU	20000
Accessory Plug Inserts and Adapt	ers				
, , ,			300 V, 1 A, retracted/extended 53,3		
Earth contact plug insert (Schuko):		077000000000000000000000000000000000000	cm/120 cm, 190 g		
D, A, NL, F etc.	PRO-Schuko	GTZ3228000R0001	Telescoping rod for RLO and RISO	TELEARM 180 D	Z505D
same as PRO-Schuko, however with			measurement, CAT III 600 V / CAT IV		
angled earth-contact plug	PRO-W	Z503A	300 V, 1 A, retracted/extended 73,5		
0 10	PRO-CH	GTZ3225000R0001	cm/180 cm, 250 g		
Plug insert per SEV: CH					
Plug insert with adapters for GB & USA	PRO-GB/USA-Set	Z503B	Triangular probe for floor measure-		
Plug insert for South Africa	PRO-RSA	Z501A	ments in accordance with EN 1081		
2/3-pole measuring adapter for 3-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	and DIN VDE 0100	1081 Probe	GTZ3196000R000
			Current clamp sensor for leakage		
phase and rotating-field systems,			current, switchable: 1 mA to 15 A,		
300 V/1 A CAT IV with safety cap				WZ12C D	70100
600 V/1 A CAT III with safety cap			3% and 1 A to 150 A, 2%	WZ1ZU -	Z219C
600 V/16 A CAT II without safety cap	PRO-A3-II	Z5010	Flexible AC current sensor, 3, 30,		
same as PRO-A3-II, however with			300 A, 1 V, 100 mV, 10 mV / A, with		
straight cables of 10m each instead			batteries, probe length: 45 cm	METRAFLEX P300	Z502E
5		75020	, prote longui lo chi		
of coil cables	PRO-A3-II ncc	Z503C			
Set-Probes CAT III / 600 V, 1 A,			Accessory Cases and Trolleys		
working range of the probes 68 mm			Ever-ready case with bags for acces-	Ever-ready Case	
– diameter 2,3 mm	Set-Probes	Z503F	sories	PROFITEST MASTER	Z502X
			Aluminum case for test instrument		
			and according		7500M
			and accessories	E-CHECK Case	Z502M

536B 536C
536C
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536D
536E
536F
525B
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